

# Disaster Risk Reduction and Resilience Building for Young Leaders in Central America

El Salvador (1st August 2014) – Panama (8th August 2014)

Organizers: Peace Boat & UNISDR Americas

# Background

Founded in 1983, Peace Boat is an international non-governmental and non-profit organization in Special Consultative Status with the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations (ECOSOC) since 2002. Peace Boat works to promote peace, human rights, equal and sustainable



development and respect for the environment through educational programs, cooperative projects and advocacy activities. Peace Boat's main activities are carried out through a chartered passenger ship that travels the world on educational peace voyages. The ship creates a neutral, mobile space and enables people to engage across borders in and mutual cooperation at sea, and in over 60 ports that are visited each year.

As part of our wider peace-building activities, Peace Boat has carried out emergency relief operations for the past 18 years, delivering emergency assistance and raising funds, as well as coordinating the dispatch of experienced logisticians, interpreters

and volunteer teams to affected areas all over the world. Following the Great East Japan Earthquake and Tsunami in 2011, Peace Boat established the Peace Boat Disaster Relief Volunteer Center (PBV) to carry out:

- Disaster Risk Reduction (i.e. prevention, mitigation, disaster preparedness, response and recovery), such as the training, dispatch and coordination of volunteers
- The on-going relief and recovery of communities affected by the Great East Japan Earthquake and Tsunami
- · Domestic and international disaster relief
- Advocacy on Disaster Risk Reduction-related issues and their crosscutting relations to sustainability, human security, poverty and climate change through active participation in networks and forums and is a an Organising Partner of the NGO Major Group for the 2015 3rd UN World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction (WCDRR).

In May 2014, Peace Boat become an official campaign partner of UNISDR
Resilient Cities Campaign, to advocate for disaster prevention and resilience
building in cities around the world. As an official partner, Peace Boat hopes to bring it's Japanese
experience on disaster mitigation, training volunteer leaders, and coordinating disaster relief and
prevention efforts, to the communities we visit in our global voyages.



# Programme Overview

Because building resilience and disaster prevention requires the participation of both political and civil society members across the region, Peace Boat proposed working together with Central American governments and civil society organizations to create a weeklong program that would bring together young people from Central America for this purpose.

The proposed onboard programme took place onboard Peace Boat's chartered ship, during the Latin American segment of Peace Boat's 84th Voyage. 8 leaders from different Latin American countries participated in internal sessions and a training programme conducted by an experienced PBV trainer. During this program, young leaders could share with one another groundbreaking developments and experiences in their own countries and within the region, obstacles that remain, possible solutions, and mechanisms to secure the resilience of the region.

"The International Youth program its important because it's a great opportunity to learn from other cultures, different ways of thinking, and team work no matter who, it's about sharing knowledge"

Margarita Villalobos, UNISDR

This program served as the launching program for Peace

Boat's partnership with the UNISDR Building Resilient Cities Campaign. A representative of UNISDR joined the programme and served as a guest educator.



# Schedule & Agenda

Date	Place	Activity		
1 AUG	San Salvador, El Salvador	Participants arrive in El Salvador. First session onboar		
2 AUG	Acajutla, El Salvador	Visit SICA/Civil Defense, round table with government officials and civil society representatives.		
3 AUG	Corinto, Nicaragua	On board conference with civil society members, government officials and UNISDR Resilient City Promoters. Hold press conference.		
4 AUG	Sailing onboard Peace Boat's vessel, the Ocean Dream	Internal sessions: +What is the Resilience Cities Campaign		
5 AUG	Sailing onboard Peace Boat's vessel, the Ocean Dream	+Presentations on their own countries risks and risk reduction programs +Japan's experience: Great East Japan Earthquake &		
6 AUG	Sailing onboard Peace Boat's vessel, the Ocean Dream, and pass through the Panama Canal	Tsunami +Cross cutting themes: community involvement, Gender, Disabilities, children/youth, poverty, climate change +Cross border risks and chance for collaboration +Action plans formation		
7 AUG	Cristobal, Panama	Visit to UNISDR offices in Panama. Discussion with government officials, intergovernmental agencies and civil society organizations in the City of Knowledge. Hold final meeting.		
8 AUG	Panama City, Panama	Return to home countries		

# Program Objectives

This program served as the launching program for Peace Boat's partnership with the UNISDR Building Resilient Cities Campaign.

- Provide opportunities to Central-American youth to gain international experience; to learn from one another and from speakers onboard Peace Boat; to develop and gain knowledge they can use to work toward resiliency in their
  - communities, civil society organization, local authorities and national governments; to generate links and connections with people from other countries and cultures.
- Participants evaluated both the existing challenges to strengthening resilience and potential solutions, and will have the opportunity to propose mechanisms for resilience building in the region.
- Discuss lessons learned from the 2011 earthquake and tsunami in Japan with survivors and volunteers from the affected areas. After March 2011, there's a lot that



Photo: Conference with the Mayor of Santa Tecla City, El Salvador, which is a Role Model City

- can be shared with PBV experience in Japan and other countries.
- Building resilience and disaster prevention across the region (Central America) a very vulnerable area in natural disasters.

- Give Peace Boat participants the opportunity to directly interact with youth from El Salvador, Costa Rica, Nicaragua and Panama and learn about their countries' situations and the youth work in natural disaster prevention.
- Promote how young people can share with one another groundbreaking developments and experiences in their own countries and within the region, obstacles that remain, possible solutions, and mechanisms to secure the resilience of the region.

# **Participants**

The selection of participants and contact with local governments were made thanks to the support and contact with embassies in Japan.

Name	Country / Organization	Position		
José Gerardo Chávez Coronado	El Salvador / Municipality of Santa Tecla	Strategic Risk Management Expert		
Patricia Carolina Cortez García	El Salvador / Municipality of Apastepeque, San Vicente	Civil Defense delegate		
Luis Villamonte	Panamá / Department for Prevention and Mitigation of Disasters at SINAPROC	Geographer SINAPROC		
Jim Alexander Diaz	Panama / SINAPROC	Rescuer / Volunteer		
Julisa Ulate Arias	Costa Rica / National Commission for Risk Prevention and Emergency Reaction (CNE)	Legal Advisor to the Presidency		
Bernardo Merayo Miller	Costa Rica / National Commission for Risk Prevention and Emergency Reaction (CNE)	Communication officer / Communications division,		
Walkiri Jadima Lovo	Nicaragua / Guardabarrancos - Environmental Youth Movement	Leading Member		
Idalina del Carmen Rodríguez Lanzas	Nicaragua / Guardabarrancos - Environmental Youth Movement	Rivas Department Coordinator		
Margarita Villalobos	Costa Rica – Panama UNISDR representative	Special Guest		

# Outcomes

- The group mixed really (2 from each country) and there was a good gender balance (4 Male 4 Female. It would it be ideal to have one male and one female from each country but participants were chosen by the embassies in Japan and their Foreign offices.
- For most of the members, joining a Peace Boat voyage gave them the opportunity to give talks to an international audience, and it's a good experience for them.

- We had great exchange programs in ports with local governments and organisations, understanding different realities and approaches.
- Having a UNISDR member involved was crucial for the program. Due to Margaritas experience
  - and her knowledge in the region, this will help a lot to create a regional integration and a better follow-up.
- During the exchange program in Nicaragua (onboard sessions) we invited members and leaders of the UNIDR campaign, and their testimonies and experiences were a great encourage for the participants and other members attending.
- We had a great session with PBV volunteers onboard who took the leadership program.
- each participant made a plan-ofaction on what and how they would implement their leaning and exchanges once they returned to their home countries
- A survey was conducted on the final day to evaluate how the programme performed and met the expectations of the participants

# Plan-of-Action Most importantly, each participant made a plan-of-action on what and how they would implement their leaning and exchanges once they returned to their home countries Plan de acción Ciudades resilientes, Nicaragua. Basado en la experiencia adquirida en la participación del "Programa de resiliencia en Peace Boat", me dispongo a realizar: 1. Coordinaciones y reuniones con la representante de UNISDR en Nicaragua; Nadeisha. 2. Basado en la reunión con ella, podre realizar un verdadero plan de acción aterrizado al contexto nacional en cuanto al tema de resiliencia en Nicaragua. 3. Compartir la experiencia y los nuevos conocimientos adquiridos a bordo de Peace boat, el tema de resiliencia y la experiencia organizativa de Japón ante el terremoto, tsunamí y el desastre nuclear occurrido en 2011.



# Cultural exchange

Open spaces were used for a Japanese Cultural exchange, where four booths were set up: traditional clothing (both Japanese and Central American), traditional games, Japanese calligraphy and origami. Even though the event was only held for a couple of hours, it was very much appreciated by all the participants and it was a great opportunity for all to interact directly and take pictures together.

On a different day we wore traditional Japanese costumes and participated in a tea ceremony.

### Media

Peace Boat with its high media profile and global reach drew media attention to the "Resilient Cities Campaign".

http://www.unisdr.org/archive/37634

http://www.panamaamerica.com.pa/nacion/barco-de-la-paz-de-japon-visita-la-sede-de-la-onu-en-panama

http://www.preventionweb.net/english/professional/news/v.php?id=38819

http://novecientos11.com/2014/08/20/simposio-sobre-juventud-y-resiliencia-a-bordo-de-peace-boat-barco-de-la-paz-en-su-escala-en-nicaragua/



Photo: Media coverage while in port, Nicaragua

# Participants Final Evaluation Survey

A survey was conducted on the final day to evaluate how the programme performed and met the expectations of the participants. (below: An image of the table results)

Participants Final Evaluation Survey for the 84th Global Voyage			Disaster Risk Reduction and Resilience Building for Young Leaders in Central America			Segment: El Salvador (August 1st, 2014) - Panama (August 8th			
lumber	Question	1 Patricia Carolina Cortéz	2 Idalina del Carmen Rodríguez	3 Luis Villamonte	4 Julisa Ulate Arias	5 Walkiri Jadima Lovo	6 José Gerardo Chávez Coronado	7 Bernardo Merayo Miller	8 Jim Diaz
1	Were you prepared for the programme?	Yes	Yes. I think some more bibliography about resiliency could have been useful, as it wasn't so clear on the info sent before the program. Now it is very clear.	More or less. I didn't have specific info about the program until 1 was contacted by coordinators via email.	Yes. The information provided was very realistic in order to be prepared for the training.	I didnt know very well what I was going to do, and I didnt know there were "reseliert clies" in Nicaragus, but I knew I had to do my best onboard to represent my country. Although we were sent links with information about the topic, it might be good to have been introduced to a person in our country that knew about the topic in order to have a better objective/goal established before going.	It was very helpful. There is always small details but Maria and Carlos were very clear in their responses.	Yes, I felt prepared. I think the information provided was clear: Perhaps good to include information about weather in each port and kind of activities involved (whether formal or informal) to prepare for packing.	Sincerely, I was not prepared. Everything was new for me. It was better than we were informed of an the information sent. Maybe some more information about how to create resilience in commun with low economic resources.
2	Were you satisfied with quality of life onboard? (Shared cabin, food, etc.)	Very good. Food was healthy but it would be convenient to have latin food in one of the restaurants	great, I learned a lot from her, and we became like sisters. Food was not apt for our culture.	new and incredible experience. Food I had to get used to.	Yes, the Japanese culture is very respectful and spiritual. Food is very healthy and I didn't had any problems with it.	Yes, I think it was good to share room with someone I ddnt know and not from my country. That allowed me to know more about her, her culture, her country and her work. It was a very positive experience. In regards to food, it was also a nice experience, allowing us to expand our cultural and culinary vision of another country.	food, a great experience, specially with the volunteers.	an opportunity to expand knowledge and exchange cultures. With the food you should inform about the menu and not just ask if vegetarian or not.	From my point of view everything w good. Sharing cabin was excellent, became friends and knew each oth did have problems with food becaus wasn't used to it, everything was ne
3	Did you felt welcome and included on the onboard Peace Boat community?	at home. All the activities were very interesting.	with Japanese and them with me.	been with them since Japan, as if we were a family no matter the nationality. I enjoyed life onboard.	Yes. The fact you were greeted by everyone you met in the hallways regardless of the language made you feel special.	Even when most passengers were Japanese and dirid speak Spanish, I was able to connect with them because they looked for ways to make themselves understood. It was nice to share with them through parties, activities and exchanges, I fell like one more passenger and it was nice to really connect with all others oroboard.	future programmes it might be good to keep a more serious atmosphere and emphasize on keeping romantic relationships aside.	of the boat, with lots of respect, humbleness and hospitality.	had been there for a long time. The crew was like a family even when w had different languages we could understood each other greatly.
4.a.	Rate from 1-5 your opinion about the following aspects of the program. a. Thematic Sessions		interesting and my biggest expectations was to know more about them deeply since I only had general background knowledge about them.	contents.	I would have liked to hear more people with this kind of experience.	for each session might have been good, since I didn't know about the topics. I learned a lot since I didn't know much about them.		informal providing a less pressuring learning environment which helps to retain information.	<ol> <li>It allowed us to know deeply abor resiliency, and how to develop our action plan to carry it out in my community.</li> </ol>
4.b.	in Port	adventure allowing us to meet new people and organizations.	sectors through simple examples.	persons and learn from their life experiences.	<ol> <li>In all countries we were treated very well.</li> </ol>	lessons, teachings, reflections, strength.	even with limited time we shared/ learned what we needed to and enjoyed it.	<ol> <li>I consider the exchanges in each port were adequate and educational, although unfortunately with limited time to know more deeply.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>We were able to learn about differdisasters and how they were able to recover from them.</li></ol>
4.c.	(with PBV volunteers)	experience, sharing knowledge and experiences from different countries.	young volunteers and know their expectations from the human and social value of helping.	Very good experience.	<ol> <li>The experience of the youth was very interesting. More pictures could have been better.</li> </ol>	It was a motivation to keep working as a volunteer, and seeing the preparation and commitment they had was very enriching.	for future experiences.	It is admirable how much respect everyone has onboard, not only the Japanese but everyone onboard.	<ol> <li>Excellent. They shared their experiences and gave me many reasons and motivation to develop action plan as a volunteer.</li> </ol>
4.d.	d. Open presentation	<ol> <li>I got the chance to meet more participants and make new friends.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>It was a very good experience but there was a lack of audience, and it was as the topic was not that important for them.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Although it was done with short time, we made it!</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>It was very interesting and it was a great experience to have so many translators for the different languages.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>First I was afraid I would make a mistake, but in the end it was great to see their interest in what we presented.</li> </ol>	interact with participants thanks to	It was an interesting presentation and a great personal and group challenge	<ol> <li>The participants made us feel lik member of the Peace Boat family, when the culture was so different.</li> </ol>
4.e.	e. Will you be more involved in resiliency issues?	to sustainable development.	campaign in all my fields of activities.	field of work.	Yes sure. The development and progress of each country will depend on the resilience capacity it has.	Certainly. I think I can give a lot to my country and the member cities, and promote other cities to join.	Yes, I am already involved in it, and will do it even more.	important to continue involved and share knowledges.	Yes I believe I am more involved already. It was a totally interesting a enriching topic that needs to be develop further.
5.a.	About the campaign. a. Did you get to know more about the Campaign and its contents?	expand my knowledge about resiliency in different areas of society. Ej. Gender, economic factors, etc.	<ol> <li>I realized how the term resiliency is very broad, where all must take part to achieve a change and risk reduction.</li> </ol>	about the specific topic before the workshops.	<ol> <li>Yes sure. Margarita's explanation using the spiderweb was very clear. Apart from the experiences shared about Japan by Simon, and the other cities we visited.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Yes, since I knew almost nothing about the topic and the level of organization in each country</li> </ol>	interested in it now.	<ol> <li>Yes, I learned better about the terms and objectives of the campaign, and it helped me understand a lot better the difficulties at time of disasters.</li> </ol>	got about the topic.
5.b.	b. Will you promote the campaign?	From my work I will promote it coordinating with experts for them to teach and support the building of resiliency.	feel highly committed to promote resiliency from my family, my community, my department, etc.	institution.	Yes, definitely. It is very important to promote it and follow up on it.	commitment I assumed when participating, and because I like the topic and want to learn more.	ownership of the topic based on my	<ol> <li>I believe I will be a promotor for the campaign, since the topic is interesting and important for each city.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>With all this knowledge I would li promote the campaign and put my into action.</li> </ol>
6	Did the program met your original expectations?	Yes. It is my starting point to promote this campaign in the communities I work.	Yes, because I feel consolidated with new knowledge and experiences. My mind is more open now and with higher compromises.	All the expectations were met and I learned how to better approach communities.	No, it was much better than I expected.	Yes, I learned more about resiliency, and the campaign, about PB, and other participants and about the importance of continuing communications in order to construct joint actions.		I think this program went over my expectations, made me more conscious and increase my desire to cooperate.	It did, and gave me a broader perspectives of the issues than I ha
7	for you?	Knowing about resiliency through various crosscuttling themes including gender, natural resources, climate change and the economy. It is important to work together since disasters do not know limits or frontiers. Knowing about the possibility of involving the private companies not only financially but also through volunteer work from the employees.	with the health difficulties I faced I would be able to attend all sessions,	The experience of the Telica mancommunity, how 3 municipalities joint to work on prevention. I would like to see how we can achieve more communities working together.	The places we visited in each port are admrable because of how they overcame the disasters/circumstances faced, but the most significant was the one of Curundu in Panama.	Knowing more about resiliency in Latin America and in my country. I want to look further into the topic and the current situation of my country, to evaluate how I can help.	the Tsunami. The testimonies by	What I most learned from this campaign/program, was to be resilient, not just against disasters but in each area of my life.	PBV's presentation was very import to highlight the role of volunteers.
8	Did you get enough support from the coordinators of the program and PB staff?	Yes, I'm very thankful with the facilitators for their trust and hospitality. They are excellent persons and are in my mind and heart.	Sure, they are very special persons and I feel they transferred to us all they energy, humbleness and desire for change.	Yes, very good hospitality and support	Yes, they shared all they could about the topics covered, and were always there onboard or in land.	I think all did a good job. I had a good connection with them since they picked me up in the airport, and there was great coordination between them to support us.	Yes, they were a moral, emotional and professional support, they are excellent guides and leaders.	The support was like being surrounded by a family.	Excellent, more than support the sincere care from each of them and desire to give us their best.
9	Do you think the program is important, why? How did you contribute to life onboard?	since it gives space to the exchange of knowledge.	the high-level, since I always emphasized on the participation of communities in decision making.	students on a specific topic, and we promote interest in other persons about issues of resilience.	with experiential examples make it very attractive and entertaining.	Yes, because it supports academic and cultural development, and raises awareness over specific topics. My contribution to it was giving information about my country to other participants and passengers.	because they bring life to the onboard community and share their experiences. They saw as an example and were motivated to work hard, as many of us have work as volunteers.	I believe a program with students expands knowledge, culture and organizational skills in each country, helping to raise awareness about the issues faced by each. I hope everything I shared was helpful for my mates.	
10	What were the best aspects of the program/ trip?	Presentations by facilitators, cultural exchange, departure ceremonies, open presentation.	exchange, the respect towards our	The treatment as if we were a family. The different study sessions offered. The exchange with other cultures.	That apart from it being a good training, we had time to share and learn about other cultures enriching ourselves.	The training and its theme. The exchange with participants onboard and in ports. The cultural exchange.	The exchange of experiences, the commitment made, the friendships, the future vision and the life project it is.	Each experience lived.	The visits in the different ports, and activity we had with other volunteer
11	What would you improve?	Food, seasickness preparedness and not knowing how to speak English or Japanese.	I think food was my biggest frustration, because my body was not able to adapt to the food.	For me, it would be food, since our bodies are not used to it. And language, but not very relevant, since we managed to communicate when necessary through signs.	Getting used to the movement of the ship was a bit frustrating, but apart from that everything was good.	I think only the time given to each session. Otherwise I liked everything.	An English/Spanish newspaper. Sometimes the environment was very informal with too many jokes.	No. I have nothing specific to improve, but to the importance of continuing to develop this program.	From my side, only the food.
12		can learn interesting things to grow as a person and in your job. I will like to keep in touch through gmail with the coordinators. I would like to be a volunteer to promote peace.	Peace Boat can provide me with better ideas.	Sure. I would love to, Peace Boat's objective is excellent with its different teaching methods. Perhaps as a volunteer, sharing my experience with others.	Yes sure, would like to learn more about the programs held onboard to learn from them what we can use in my country.	do not speak English or Japanese. But I would like to learn to be able to apply as a volunteer. I like to share and learn new cultures.	and causes, because Carlos, Maria and Simon are great leaders.	I am very interested in learning about the rest of the voyage across oceans.	promote resliency.
13	Any other comment?	Coordinators are excellent, they know a lot and what is best they share their knowledge with humbleness and love. Thank you!	and its interesting activities around the	No	I loved the experience!	Thank you for the opportunity, and count with me for anything I can support you with.	I'm very altruist so please take me into account for anything in which I can support your cause.	l love you all	No, that's all.

# Contact

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